Main landing gear wheels, brake disks and calipers reversed from left to right sides. Brake disk and calipers now facing inboard. Brake line hose rerouted to inboard fork. Wing rib at Wing Station 33.06 modified per report HDN-01-090188, "Modification to Rib Assembly, PA-24/PA-30 Aircraft, Wing Station 33.06" dated 1 September 1988, prepared by Hans D. Neubert, FAA Structures DER, DERT-605393-NM, and per AC 43.13-1B. This report is a permanent part of the aircraft documentation. Log book entry made. Weight and balance change is negligible.

ICA Checklist

Introduction: Description: Control, Operating Info.: Servicing Information: Annua Maintenance Instructions: Troubleshooting: Removal & Replacement: Diagrams Special Inspection Reqmts: Protective Treatments: Data Special Tools Commuter Aircraft Overhaul Period Airworthiness Limitations:	Section 1 of Report Section 2.1 of Report Not Applicable I Inspection per Piper Service Manual Section 4 of Report Not Applicable Drawing No's. 041288 and 041388 Not Applicable Section 3 of Report Section 2.2 of Report Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable
	11
Revision:	Initial Installation, Log Book Entry
	ENDEND

H.D. NEUBERT & ASSOCIATES, INC.

ADVANCED COMPOSITE APPLICATIONS

MATERIALS, DESIGN & STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS, PROTOTYPE FABRICATION DEVELOPMENT, COMPOSITE ANALYSIS SOFTWARE

28 Aug 1998

FAA Riverside Elia

Riverside Flight Standards District Office 6961 Flight Road Riverside, CA 92504

and

Inland Valley Aviation ATTN: Dennis Travino 23155 Miners Road Gavilan Hills, CA 92570

Subject: Alteration to Sta. 33.06 Rib Assembly on PA-24 Series Aircraft

Reference: "Modification to Rib Assembly PA-30 Sta. 33.06", Hans D. Neubert, FAA DER NM-536, dated 1 September 1988.

Gentlemen,

I have reviewed the design configuration and analysis in the subject report and find that this alteration performed on the PA-30 series aircraft is also applicable to the PA-24 single engine Comanche series aircraft. I recommend approval of this alteration when performed to the specifications found in the reference report.

Respectfully,

Hans D. Neubert / FAA DER NM-536

Main landing gear wheels, brake disks and calipers reversed from left to right sides. Brake disk and calipers now facing inboard. Brake line hose rerouted to inboard fork. Wing rib at Wing Station 33.06 modified per report HDN-01-090188, "Modification to Rib Assembly, PA-24/PA-30 Aircraft, Wing Station 33.06" dated 1 September 1988, prepared by Hans D. Neubert, FAA Structures DER, DERT-605393-NM, and per AC 43.13-1B. This report is a permanent part of the aircraft documentation. Log book entry made. Weight and balance change is negligible.

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Revision:	Initial Installation, Log Book Entry
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NOTICE

Weight and balance or operating limitation changes shall be entered in the appropriate aircraft record. An alteration must be compatible with all previous alterations to assure continued conformity with the applicable airworthiness requirements.

8. DESCRIPTION OF WORK ACCOMPLISHED (If more space is required, attach additional sheets. Identify with aircraft nationality and registration mark and date work completed.)

Main landing gear wheels, brake disks, and brake calipers reversed from left to right sides. Brake disk and calipers now facing inboard. Wing rib station 33.06 modified per design and analysis of Report Number HDN-01-090188, "Modification to Rib Assembly, PA-30, Sta 33.06", Hans D. Neubert, 6051 Prado Street, Anaheim, CA 92807, dated 1 September 1988. Weight and balance change neglible.

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ADDITIONAL SHEETS ARE ATTACHED

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Report Number HDN-01-090188

Modification to Rib Assembly PA-24/PA-30 Aircraft Wing Station 33.06

submitted to

Federal Aviation Administration Riverside FSDO, WP-FSDO-8 6961 Flight Road Riverside, CA 92504

prepared by

Hans D. Neubert 6051 Prado Street Anaheim, CA 92807 FAA DER DERT-605393-NM

1 September 1988

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background Information

Piper Aircraft Model 30 Twin Commanche uses two design configurations for the location of the brake disk and brake caliper on the main landing gear. For serial numbers 30-2 thru 30-597, the main landing gear axle is supported by a forged symmetrical aluminum fork having two members. The brake disk is oriented to the outboard side, with the brake caliper attached to the outboard leg of the fork. For serial numbers 30-846 and on, the main landing gear axle is supported by a forged aluminum fork having only an inboard member. The brake disk is oriented to the inboard side, with the brake caliper attached to the inboard leg of the fork. The one member fork design with brakes facing inboard is also used on all versions of the later Model 39 series.

For serial numbers 30-598 thru 30-845, the two member gear fork is used with the brakes facing inboard, and a common two member gear fork is used for all three wheels. For serial numbers 30-846 and on, as well as for the PA39 model, the nose wheel fork remains as before, while the two main gear forks have a new part number.

The primary motivation for the change from a two member fork to the single member fork is aerodynamic enhancement. For serial numbers 30-2 thru 30-597, the outboard fork, brake disk, and brake caliper remain in the slipstream when the landing gear is retracked. For serial numbers 30-846 and on, the brake disk and brake caliper are within the wing cavity when the landing gear is fully retracted.

In order for Piper Aircraft to place the brake disk and brake caliper facing inboard, the partial rib at Wing Station 33.06 was modified to provide geometric clearance between members when in the retracted position. Piper Aircraft accounts for this modification by adding two additional dash numbers to the rib drawing. The modification involves removing a small portion of the rib, and adding a reinforcing angle section to bypass the load around the cutout. Identification of the rib and gear fork part numbers is shown in Table 1-1, below.

Part Number	Location	Usage
22803-00	Rib-Left Wing	30-2 thru 30-597
22803-01	Rib-Right Wing	30-2 thru 30-597
22803-04	Rib-Left Wing	30-598 and on
22803-05	Rib-Right Wing	30-598 and on
20790-02	Gear Fork (2 Member)	30-2 thru 30-845
24680-00	Gear Fork-Left	30-846 and on
24680-01	Gear Fork-Right	30-846 and on

Table 1-1 Rib Station 33.03 and Gear Fork Part Numbers

1.2 Purpose

The primary purpose of the proposed modification is to reduce parasite drag of the 30-2 thru 30-597 models by orienting the brake disk and caliper inboard. To accomplish this goal, a modification to Piper Aircraft part number 22803, Rib Assembly, Wing Station 33.06 is proposed. The proposed modification is similar to part number 22803-04 and -05, with the addition of an extruded reinforcing angle member and further strengthened by an additional doubler. The proposed modification is considered structurally more conservative than the design used by Piper Aircraft.

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A secondary purpose of the modification is to permit the attachment of a fixed fairing to the outboard gear fork member. This fixed fairing is the subject of a seperate proposal.

Alternatively, the proposed modification will allow the substitution of the single fork assembly for the dual fork assembly, thus completing the conversion to that of serial numbers 30-846 and on.

Close-up photographs of the rib from aircraft with serial numbers less than and greater than 30-547, as certified by Piper Aircraft, are shown in Figures 1.2.1 and 1.2.2.

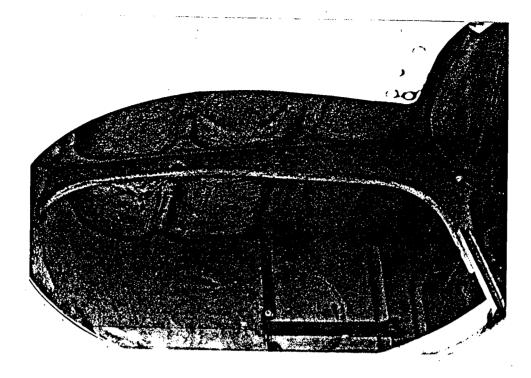


Figure 1.2.1 Rib Station 33.06 - Serial No. < 30-597

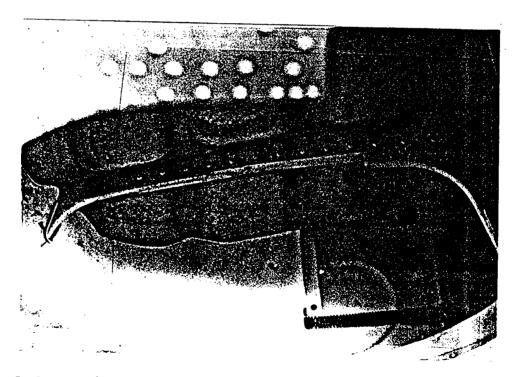


Figure 1.2.2 Rib Station 33.06 - Serial No. > 30-597

2.0 DESIGN AND ANALYSIS

2.1 Design

The proposed design change to Rib Station 33.06 is similar to the design implemented by Piper Aircraft on Models 30-597 and on. A full size tracing of the cutout to the rib taken from a PA30 was used to generate drawings. At Rib Station 33.06, the wing chord is computed to be 81.0 inches. Coordinates for the NACA 64₂A215 airfoil (from reference 2) were used to generate the detail of the wing between the front and rear spars, located at 40% and 70% chord, respectively. Setback from the exterior coordinates to the interior of the wing, accounting for skin, interior stiffening skin, and rib thickness used the data from Reference 1. Measurements were also taken from the subject aircraft.

Placement of the $5/8 \ge 5/8 \ge .063 \ 2024-T851$ angle stiffener on the rib is essentially identical to that of the -04,-05 ribs. Piper uses a $3/4 \ge 3/4 \ge .032$ angle stiffener. In addition to the stiffener, a .025 doubler is added to the rib side opposite of the stiffener. The purpose of the doubler is to reduce overall stress in the rib at its minimum height location, thus minimizing the possibility of fatigue initiation at the corner. For convience of installation, structural blind rivets are acceptable, although AD driven rivets are specified.

Detail drawings (Dwg 041288 and 041388) of the proposed modification are attached.

2.2 Analysis

The Piper Aircraft Model 30 Twin Commanche was designed and certified before the advent of detailed finite element analysis. The state of stress on the 33.06 rib before and after the modification is unknown. To validate the proposed modification per the structural requirements of FAR Part 23, the cross sections at two critical locations along the rib chord are computed before and after the change. Strength capability is determined for axial loads (membrane stress) and bending loads (bending stress).

The structural basis of the proposed change is that the rib alteration will result in equal or greater capability to carry loads. Moment of inertias and cross-section areas for two locations are given in Figures 2.2.1 and 2.2.2. The comparison of the rib cross section properties (before and after modification) are given in Table 2.2-1, below.

Table 2.2-J	l Rib	Properties	Comparison
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	Area (Before) in ²	Area (After) in ²	% Change	Inertia (Before) in ⁴	Inertia (After) in ⁴	% Change
50.1% Chd	.297	.362	21.9%	.119	.121	1.7%
60.2% Chd	.274	.357	30.3%	.051	.120	135.3%

		101 EFFECTIVE SKIN
ORIGINAL RIB SECTION		MODIFIED RIB W/ DOUBLER & ANGLE
		SECTION TAKEN AT MAXIMUM CUTOUT
AREA = 0.29651	AREA = 0.36208	0.75 INCHES REMOVED FROM RIB
GPER = 9.23600	GPER = 8.49400	50.1% WING CHORD
LPER = 9.23600	LPER = 8.49400	
XBAR = 1.41787	XBAR = 4.27565	
YBAR = -0.36960	YBAR = -0.48640	
IXX = 0.11847	XX = 0.12068	
IYY = 0.08216	$ \gamma\gamma = 0.08339$	
IXY = -0.00379	IXY = -0.01507	
RXX = 0.63209	RXX = 0.57731	
RYY = 0.52639	RYY = 0.47992	
IPXX = 0.11886	IPXX = 0.12601	
ΙΡΥΥ = 0.08177	IPYY = 0.07807	
ZETA = 5.89185	ZETA = 19.47572	Figure 2.2.1
RPXX = 0.63313	RPXX = 0.58992	Cross Section Properties
RPYY = 0.52513	RPYY = 0.46433	Page 9

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J 10T EFFECTIVE SKIN	FIED RIB W/ DOUBLER & ANGLE	10 1021 HIV +1 NINT+ NOTION	SECTION TAKEN AT AFT EDGE OF CUTOUT		DU.2% WING CHURD											rigure 2.2.2 Cross Section Properties	
	MODIFIED		AREA = 0.35651	GPER = 9.33600	LPER = 9.33600	XBAR = 3.12196	YBAR = -0.47914	XX = 0.11980	YY = 0.08527	1XY = -0.01958	RXX = 0.57969	RYY = 0.48906	IPXX = 0.12864	IPYY = 0.07643	ZETA = 24.29409	RPXX = 0.60069	RPYY = 0.46303
	ORIGINAL RIB SECTION		AREA = 0.27379	GPER = 7.96000	LPER = 7.96000	XBAR = 0.01117	YBAR = -0.24360	1XX = 0.05060	YY = 0.07857	IXY = -0.00342	RXX = 0.42989	RYY = 0.53568	IPXX = 0.07898	IPYY = 0.05019	ZETA = -6.87824	RPXX = 0.53709	RPYY = 0.42813

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For a given axial load in the rib (chordwise), the stress level is reduced by the area ratio, ie. 18.1% and 23.2% at 50.1% and 60.2% chord, respectively. For a given bending moment, the stress level is reduced by the section modulus ratio, which is the distance from the neutral axis to the extreme fiber divided by the moment of interia. For bending moments, the stress level is reduced by 46.8% and 65.1% at 50.15 and 60.2% chord, respectively. Those computations are summarized in Table 2.2-2, below.

Table 2.2-2 Rib Stress Comparison

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Axial	Axial	8	Bending	Bending	8
Stress	Stress	Chg	Stress	Stress	Chq
(Before)	(After)		(Before)	(After)	2
<u>(psi)</u>	(psi)		(psi)	(psi)	

 50.1% Chd
 3.37
 2.76
 -18.1%
 15.96
 8.48
 -46.8%

 60.2% Chd
 3.65
 2.80
 -23.2%
 25.62
 8.94
 -65.1%

 Unit Force (1 lb.) and Unit Bending Moment (1 in-lb.) are used in the above computations.

 $\frac{50.1\% \text{ Chord - Original Rib:}}{\text{Axial Stress = P/A = 1/.297 = 3.37 psi}}$ Bending Stress = Mc/I = (1)(2.26-.3696)/.1185 = 15.96 psi $\frac{50.1\% \text{ Chord - Modified Rib:}}{\text{Axial stress = P/A = 1/.362 = 2.76 psi}}$ Bending Stress = Mc/I = (1)([2.26-.75]-.4864)/.12068 = 8.48 psi $\frac{60.2\% \text{ Chord - Original Rib:}}{\text{Axial Stress = P/A = 1/.274 = 3.65 psi}}$ Bending Stress = Mc/I = (1)(1.55-.2436)/.0510 = 25.62 psi $\frac{60.2\% \text{ Chord - Modified Rib:}}{\text{Axial Stress = P/A = 1/.357 = 2.80 psi}}$ Bending Stress = Mc/I = (1)(1.55-.4791)/.1198 = 8.94 psi}

3.0 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

The following procedure is to be followed during the implementation of the rib modification and disk/caliper change.

1. Elevate aircraft using jacks per Piper procedure.

2. Remove left and right main gear wheels and left and right brake calipers from forks.

3. Plug brake lines to prevent leakage of brake fluid.

4. Install left brake caliper on right fork, inboard side.

5. Install right brake caliper on left fork, inboard side.

6. Incrementally retract landing gear until brake caliper just touches unmodified ribs.

7. Mark ribs indicating interferrence with brake caliper. Add .10 inches to edge of marked area to provide clearance between brake caliper.

8. Trim ribs to marked edges.

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Fully retract landing gear, verifying .10 inch clearance.
 Lower landing gear.

11. Using drawing 041388 and cutout in ribs as templates, fabricate .032 doublers.

12. Fit angle extrusion to follow contour of rib cutouts.

13. Drill rib, doubler and angle extrusion, clecoe as necessary.

14. Prepare ribs, doublers and angle extrusions for installation.

15. Zinc-chromate primer all surfaces.

16. Install doublers and angle extrusions using AD or structural blind rivets.

17. Install left main wheel on right fork, brake disk facing inboard. Right wheel similarly.

18. Bleed brakes per Piper procedure. Remove A/C from jacks.

4.0 INSPECTION

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During annual inspection, inspection of rib area is as follows:

1. Verify tightness of all rivets between rib, doubler and angle extrusion.

2. Verify by visual inspection absence of cracks, corrosion between rib, doubler and angle extrusion.

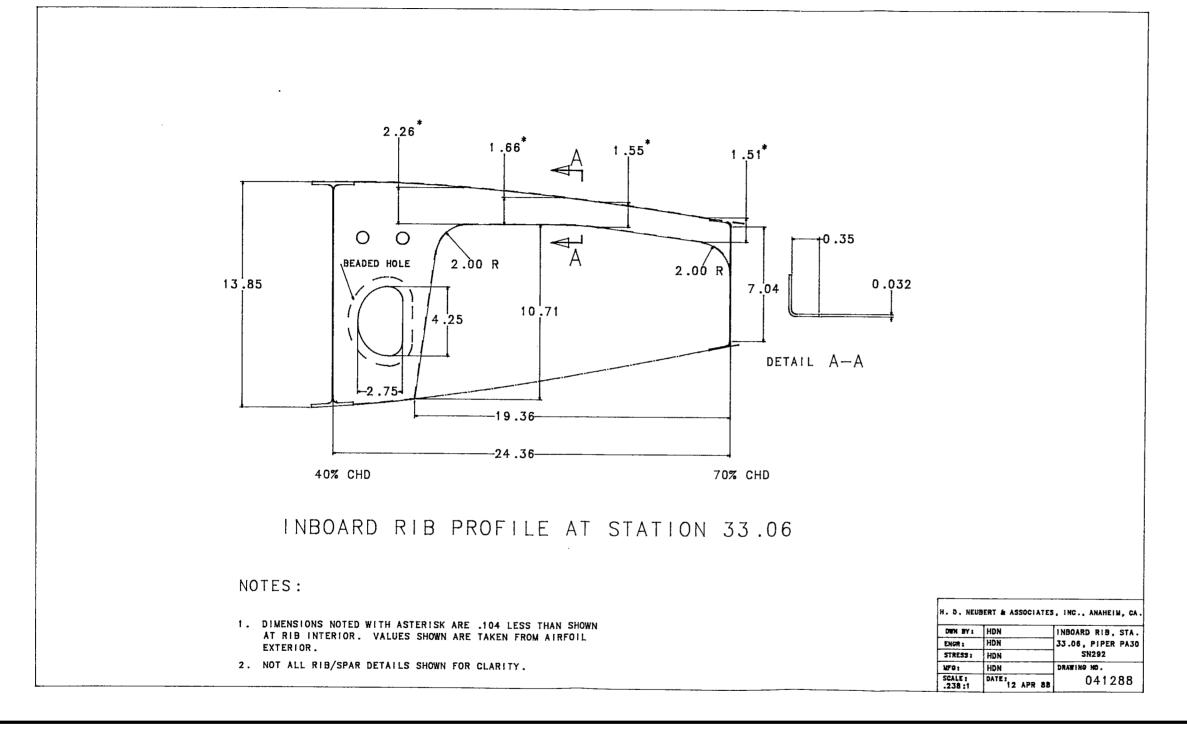
5.0 REFERENCES

1.

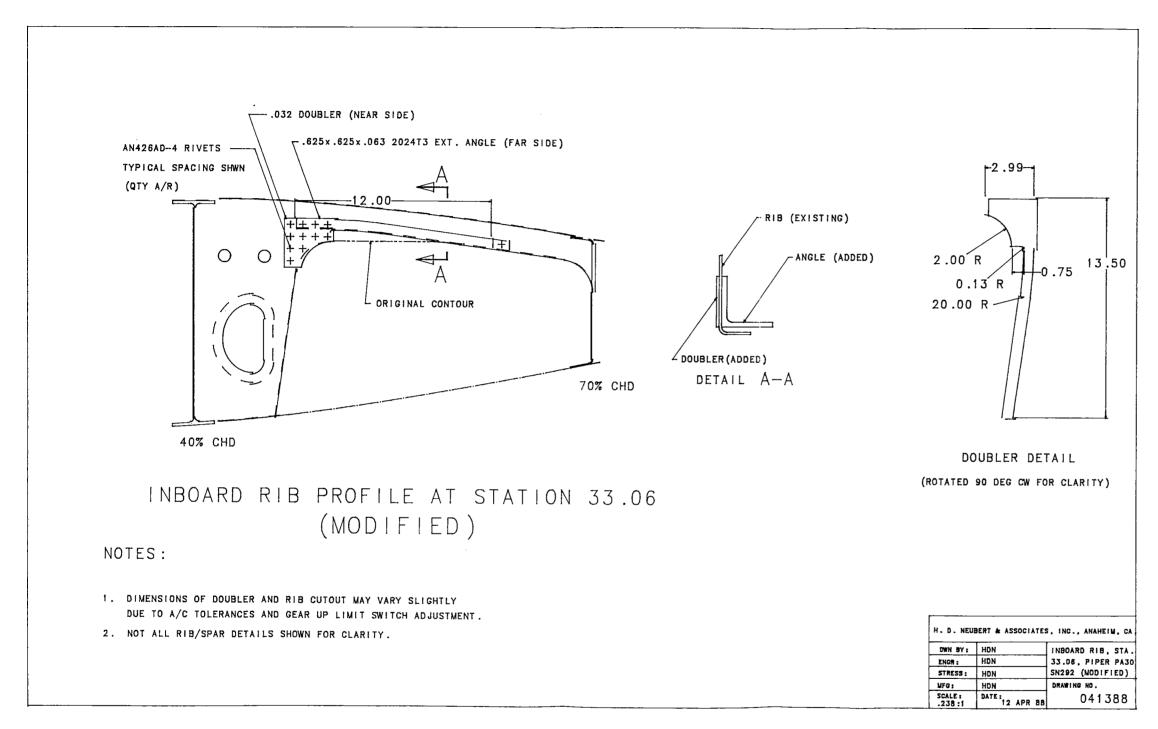
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1. Illustrated Parts Catalog, Piper Aircraft Corporation, issued February 1973.

2. Theory of Wing Sections, I. H. Abbott and A. E. Von Doehoff, Dover Publications, 1959.



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